WHEELING. WEST VA., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1878.

The Intelligencer

THE Pittsburgh, Wheeling & Ken-tocky road commences to-day to run trains through to Pittsburgh, instead of connecting at Steubenville with trains on the Panhandle, as has been the case up to this time. This is an arrangement that will be hailed with gratification by the public. Travelers to Pittsburgh and the Eutdonot relish the idea of waiting on ion en route. The throng trains will be popular.

THE present early spring weather i altogether unseasonable, and therefore much to be regretted. The danger is that if it continues a few days longer the fruit will be certainly lost for this year. As showing how unusual is the season we mir mention the fact that the Straits Mackinaw are now free from ice, ar erent that has not happened before since 1542 Navigation on the lakes promise to open six weeks ahead of time.

Gold 101.

The gold premium tell on Saturday to one cent on the dollar, which is the lowest gold premium should sink. Gold is now able for customs, will, as soon as enough can be coined, take the place of gold for customs. Merchants will use silver as than gold. About twelve millions of coin mortant cities this supply of the new eller dellars. Meanwhile, the probability is that the premium on gold will grad ually disappear. That is, provided on bords do not come back for sale, and provided further, our exports hold the

As to the future of the gold premium that is a different proposition. We have as in the U. S. treasury, according to the bt statement, about enough gold for one ears coin payments by the Government. the Government can not coin half enough Must the Government not purchase old in the market to meet it? We see tot be accumulated to pay it, it follow

Those who read the speeches in Con ress on the silver bill will probably emember the remarks of Mr. Hewitt on

elore, it may rise, amid the necessities d uncertainties of the future, to a highrigure. The financial situation is in a saition state. We are passing into the metallic period, wherein gold, silver

Regulations for Lent in the Dio-cese of Wheeling.

1. The first day of Lent, Ash Wednes-day, falls this year on the 6th of March

s, except Saturday in Ember Week, th [6], and Thursday and Saturday by Week

at the same meal during Lent.
All under twenty-one years of age
who are engaged in hard work, the without serious injury to rempted from the fast. Persgs, hard labor, and sickness, are to the use of fiesh meat meal on the days on which it is Those who entertain any rea-loubt about their obligation t

fast or abstain, ought to apply to their pastors for advice or dispensation.

All the Reverend Clergy who can leave home are requested to be present at the blessing of the holy oils in the Cathedral on Holy Thursday, at 9 A. M.

By order of the Right Rev. Bishop.

JOHN T. SULLIVAN, V. G.,

Chancellor and Sceretary.

Weekly Review of the Money and Produce Market — Trade and Finance. CHICAGO, March 9.—There has been

gradual improvement in all departments of wholesale business, and with ample stocks there seems to be no reason for an

stocks there seems to be no reason for any slackening.
City deposits have increased and collections are better.
Currency has flowed freely towards the country and muddy roads alone prevent a rapid exodus of coin and greenbacks. Seven to ten per cent is the ruling rate. Navigation shows signs of revival, and the 'longshore traffic will soon begin. Rates on fourth-class freight will therefore probably soon drop from the recently raised grade.
Clearings are seventeen millions, against twenty millions last year.

ORAIN MARKETS.

The week has been one of events and surprise on 'Change. Grains were submitted to a strong bear arrangement and went steadily lower, closing with a considerable decline. Buyers are apparently scarce, and sellers are rushing in from the country and it is reported even from siderable decline. Buyers are apparently scarce, and sellers are rushing in from the country, and it is reported even from European markets and the East, where the present prices for cereals are considered too high. It is pretty condently predicted that wheat will soon experience a heavy decline. Just at present it can not be learned that it has any friends, and that led to the decline and largely shaped the course of the other markets. Sales for April were \$1 02;11 09). The lowest price was reached to-day, and the highest Monday, with an active and fluctuating but pretty steady downward movement in the interim.

Corn was unsettled, irregular and speculative in its character throughout the week, but the fluctuations were confined to a small range and prices were steadily inclined downward. Sales for April were 41;3442; the highest price Monday, and the lowest to-day.

Osta were quiet and steady, but rather more animated than usual, and went down gradually from 24tc to 23; for April.

Rye was easy and a shade lower than

April.

Rye was easy and a shade lower than last week, but maintained the uniform price of 55c cash.

Barley was somewhat unsettled, but was generally lower. It sold from 45c to 461c, the best prices being those at the latter part of the week.

PROVISIONS

PROVISIONS

Were active, unsettled, and by all odds the most exciting of all the markets. Under a heavy pressure to sell, prices began to drop rapidly on Monday, and by the close of to-day were \$1 00a1 15 lower for pork, and 4a5c lower for lard than at the opening. The decline was accompanied by no breakage of firms, but there was continuous excitement and very heavy sales, at the lowest figures known here for many years. Twenty years ago to-day pork was selling at \$14.50a15.00, and lard at \$9\$c per pound. Nobody seems to remember a time when pook was so low as now; but nobody remembers when so many hogs were packed in the country and when receipts came in so heavily late in the resson. Sales of April pork were at \$9.05a10 15, and CLOSING CASH PRICES

and receipts for the week wree 83,000, against 121,000 the week previous, and 55,000 anmetime last year. It is estimated here that the sax leading cities have packed 4,525,000 hoge, and the interior points 1,800,000.

The whisky market is in a peculiar state; prices are reported at \$1 04, but should any one offer high wines at \$1 03 he could get no buyers. The market is almost a myth at present, as distillers are said to be generally doing their own rec-tifying, and dispensing with the middle

silver than can be coined in one year which will not exceed \$33,000,000. Of this sun at least \$12,000,000 will be in the hands of the public as a working fund for the payment of duties. This will leave \$2,000,000 to be accumulated in the Transny, and the accumulation of alter cannot possibly exceed that sum. The bulance of the fund, amounting to \$63,39,673,600,000 to be accumulated in the Transny, and the accumulation of alter cannot possibly exceed that sum. The bulance of the fund, amounting to \$63,39,673,600,000 to grant the selection of the constant at each \$60,000,000 of legal tender notes. The amount now here is elightly in excess of \$3,000,000 that at least \$60,000,000 of legal tender notes must be taken from the community and locked up in the Treasury during the country twelve months. This is contraction at the rate of \$5,000,000 pr month?

If Mr. Hewitt is correct in the above elatement, it is not unlikely that a serial contraction of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the currency will occur during the coming year, induced by the necessities of the Treasury to provide to the proposition of the value of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad are naturally annotated to the proposition of the value of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad is attributed by the necessities of the Treasury to provide only the proposition of the value of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad is attributed by the standard provides the proposition of the of the anxiety.

Horrid Murder on a Steams Horrid Murder on a Steamship.

Panama, February 28.—Advices from Juquique tell the story of a horrible murder on the steamship Ito, from Lima, before her arrival at Iquique. After leaving port two atowaways were found. They were placed in irons on the main deck, and fastened to stanchious. About 3 o'clock in the morning a deck trader, a Chilian, approached the prisoners and accused them of stealing cheese from his tent. The man profested his innocense, stating that it was impossible, he being in irons. The trader insisted, and cut the man's throat, and afterwards cut his head off and threw it overboard. The other

man's throat, and afterwards cut his head off and threw it overboard. The other passenger, who was bathed in blood, was helpless, and too terrified to call assistance. The murderer then attempted to throw the body overboard, but fluiding it fast by the wrist, he cut round the wrist, broke the hone across his knee, and thus broke the bone across his knee, and thus freeing the body, threw it into the water. The crime was discovered at daylight. The murderer was handed over to the

Captain of the port. Collision with a Monitor.

Collision with a Monitor.

Naw Orleans, March 10.—The steamboat Shannon, from Onachita river, with 900 bales of cotton, at 3 a. M., collided with the Monitor Canonicus, and sank is a few minutes. Capt. Dehant thinks no lives of Canal street. This is the second steamboat sunk by collision with her. Steamboat sunk by collision with her. Steamboatmen claim that the light displayed by the Monitor is insufficient. The boat is a total loss. A portion of the cargo may be saved, badly damaged. The hoat and cargo is valued at \$30,000.

Marine Intelligence. LIVERPOOL, March 10.—Arrived—City Brussels, from New York.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCES

WASHINGTON.

Prospective Fight Over the Boston Collectorship.

Treasury Official to be Arraigne for Civil Service Violations.

The Printing Machine Grinding Ou Small Greenbacks.

WASHINGTON, March 9—At its next meeting the House Postoffice Committee will begin the consideration of the Sayler Bill for the classification of mail matter and rates of postage. Among the new features of the bill is the abolishment of the practice of registering newspapers sent in bulk through the mails. . MACHINE MONEY.

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has resumed the printing of one and two dollar greenbacks, and the Treasury Department will now put those denominations in circulation in the proportions they were issued prior to last June, when Secretary Sherman stopped paying out these bills to force the circulation of forty millions of silver. millions of silver.

CIVEL SERVICE REFORM.

The President sent to Secretary Sherman, to-day, a copy of last year's circular prohibiting. Government of incide from taking part in the management of political organizations, conventions, &c. This is intended as a reminder, which fits the case of Fifth Auditor Els, of the Treasury Department, who is now absent from his office, making speeches in New Hampshire, in common canse with Billee Chandler. Ela will probably be allowed to step down and out for this violation.

DR. LINDERMAN, DR. LINDERMAN,

DIR. LISDEMMAN,
Director of the Mint, has anticipated the
charges that have been filed against him
with the Glover Committee, by calling
attention to the allegations contained in
a dispatch published in the Commercial
some time ago, and while asserting his innocence, he has requested that the allegations may be thoroughly investigated. THOMAS STATUE.

The statue of General Thomas is being erected in one of the prominent Govern ment reservations in this city.

ANOTHER PARIS EXPOSITION VESSEL, At the request of Commissioner Gen-ral McCormick the Secretary of the Navy has directed that the Constellation be detailed to carry goods to the Paris

Exposition. THE TARIFF HILL.

Schedule M, of the Tariff Bill, which relates to sundries, was further considered by the Committee on Ways and Mean-to-day, and amended as follows: Dates to-day, and amended as follows: Dates or prunes or plums were reduced from 2½ to 2 cents per pound; epaulets, galoons, laces, knots, stars, tassels, tresses and wings of gold and silver or other metals were reduced from 40 to 35 per centum ad valorem; the tax on essences, extracts, toilets, waters, hair dressings, restoratives, dyes, tooth washes and pastes, aromatic cachous or other like perfuneries or cosmetics by whatsoever name or names known, used or applied as perfumes or applications to the hair, mouth or skin, was placed at 50 per centum ad valorem; cologue water or other perfunery, of which alcohol forms the principal ingredient, raw essence or oil, and all thavoring extracts not otherwise provided for, and bay rum essence or oil invovided for, and bay rum essence or oil.

Excitement in Pitt-burgh in Excitement in Pitt-burgh in Excitement in Philadelphia.

Permusor, March 9.—The principle topic of talk in business circles is the prospective action of the Pennsylvania Railroad stockholders, at the annual meeting to be held in Philadelphia. There is considerable wire-pulling going on among the interested in this city, and offers of ten cents per share are made for the use of stock, and other inducements in the shape of annual passes are held out. It is asserted that there is some danger of Col. Scott losing the Presidency, it is as succession to the Andrew Carnegle, oi this city, is a candidate in opposition to the Cloonel; but this is denied by Mr. Carnegle, In spite of his denial, it is firmly believed that not only the Western stock, but the New York interest will support him. It is said that the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Contract and the prospective action of the Pennsylvania Railroad Contract and the properties of the Carnegle, oi this city, is a candidate in opposition to the Colonel; but this is denied by Mr. Carnegle, In spite of his denial, it is firmly believed that not only the Western stock, but the New York interest will support him. It is said that the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Contract and the prospective action of the Pennsylvania Railroad Carnegle, oi this city, and offers of the cents of the member of the Carnegle, oi this city, is a candidate in opposition to the Colonel; but this is denied by Mr. Carnegle, In spite of his denial, it is firmly believed that not only the Western stock, but the New York interest will support him. It is said that the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Cannel Railroad Carnegle and the properties of the Carnegle and the properties of the Carnegle, of the carnegle and the properties of the Carnegle and the properties of the admission of evidence of this character, based on his glain to John Hickman, exmember of Congress from Pennsylvania He replied he never had. The withness further said: "Daniel E. Sickles performed some services for me. I did not agree to give him any compensation, but subsequently gave him an interest in my claim. He would have acted for me far the subsequently gave him an interest in my claim. He would have acted for me gave James Wilson, ex member of Congress from lowa, either stocks or money; there was some talk between Sickles and myself about taking Elwin M. Stanton into our business; Sickles asid he did not think it was necessary to have Stanton's aid; Stanton was not Attorney General at that time; I made no attempt to buy up the Attorney General's office."

Mr. Wilson offered in evidence several letters from McGarrahan to Mr. Frank, Secretary of the Panoche Grande Combined the selection of the pan

Secretary of the Panoche Grande Com-pany, which he claimed would show that Mc Jarrahan and Sickles attempted to

Mc'arrahan and Sickles attempted to operate upon Stanton while Attorosy General, for the purpose of securing his influence. One of them stated that he and his friends were willing to take Stanton into the same boat with them.

The letters to Frank number over 700, and cover a correspondence of ten years. Their reading was discontinued, and it was ordered that they all be printed and go into the Record. Judge Wilson said they were all of a general character, showing that money was paid, Federal appointments secured and laws changed in the interest of McGarrahan's claim. Adjourned.

Adjourned. WASHINGTON, March 10.-The Secr

CONFLAGRATIONS.

Pennsylvania Railway Bridge Burned — No Suspension of

Burned — No Suspension of Travel.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 9.—The long bridge at New Brunswick, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railway, and spanning the Raritan river at the Delaware and Raritan Canal, was burned this morning by an incendiary. The company have been for some time constructing a substantial stone and iron bridge to take the place of the wooden structure now burned, and it will be pushed forward to completien as rapidly as durability and absolute safety will permit. Trains now stop a short distance from either end of the burned structure, and passengers are transferred in coaches over the city bridge, abort distance below. One train passed over the bridge while burning. Samuel Carpenter, the General Eastern Passenger Agent, has gone to New Brunswick, and it is expected the present inconvenience will soon be remedied.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The Pennarch is the structure of the the structure of the trainer of the structure of the

wick, and it is expected to present in present convenience will soon be remedied.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The Pennsylvania Railroad officers state that the destruction of the bridge at New Brunswick by fire this morning will not interfere with the traffic of the road, as a temporary treatle will be at once put up and used until the iron structure is completed. Meanwhile the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged with the Northern Pennsylvania and Central Railroad of New Jersey to run through business over their line between Erie and Philadelphia, where the New Jersey Division crosses the North Pennsylvania Railroad, and Elizabeth, where the New Jersey Central Elizabeth, where the New Jersey Central connects with the road from New Bruns-wick to New York. Passengers will

the regular routes, making the transfers at New Brunswick for two or three days.

CHEVENNE, WY., March 9.—A storm exceeding in violence and duration that of any previous season, set in at 11 P. M. on the 8th inst., and continued without abatement until noon to-day, the wind ranging in velocity from fity to sixty four miles per hour, carrying snow with it, which drifted in banks ten to fifteen feet high. In the city, so far, only one roof has given way. It extended from Bitter Creek on the west to Julesburg on the east. A great number of the cuts are level full of snow, and all trains on the Union Pacific, Denver Pacific and Colo-

Union Pacific, Denver Pacific and Colorado Central are either side-tracked or snowed in. The plows stationed here have been showed out, and to-morrow morning if the storm, which has not wholly ceased, does not increase, they will be vigorously manipulated.

Passenger trains No. 3 of the 8th and 9th are lying at North Platte, No. 4 of the 9th at Green Kiver. Freight train No. 6 is reported enowed in at Separation, and the emigrant west-bound train of yesterday at Bushness. The Denver Pacific Train is side-tracked at Carr, and the Colorado Central between Collins and Loveland.

etherz, ethereal preparations or extracts, was fixed at 50 cents per pound, and on pocket knives of all descriptions 45 per centum od valorem.

M'GARRAHAN'S CLAIM.

The Senate Public Landa Committee to day heard evidence in regard to the McGarrahan claim for property in California, known as the New Idria Quicksilver Mine. Judge-Jeremiah Wilson, Ed. Ingersoll and ex Senator Carpenter appeared for McGarrahan, and Judge Jeremiah Black, David S. Wilson, of Iowa, and ex-Chief Clerk of the Lund Olfice Curtia for the New Idria Company.

Mr. Wilson said the defense intended to show that every decision in favor of McSenawing and the courts in the cuts is packed very hard.

tionary or lower temperature, cloudy weather and rain areas. weather and rain areas.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, rising possesbly followed by falling barometer, winds mostly from southeast to outhwest, stationary or lower temperature, partly cloudy weather, and in the eastern portions rain areas.

Omaha Wants the Mint.

OMAHA, March 10 .- A Board of Trade mass meeting is called for to-morrow evening to present to Congress Omaha's claims for the establishment of a branch mist here. Two-thirds of the silver pro-duct of the country, representing \$50,-000,000 in value, besides over 3,000 cars of base bullion were handled here last of oase button were mandel net last year. The aggregate business of the Omaha Smelting Works last year was about \$5,000,000. Every effort will be made to secure a branch mint location,

Obituary.

Chicago, March 9.—Hon. Charles L. Wilson, proprietor of the Escaing Journal, died at San Antonio, Texas, at 2 o'clock this morning. There will be no change in the conduct or policy of the Journal. Hon. Andrew Shuman, who has been for twenty-years editor-in-chief, will continue to control the editorial column, and Colonel Farrar, who has long been business manager, will conduct the business department.

CONGRESSIONAL

Kelley Comes to the Front Again.

More of His Secret History.

WASHINGTON, March 9.

Mr. Blackburn presided, in the absence of Speaker Randall.

Mr. Foster, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill providing for the appropriation of \$1,533,445 deficiencies for the service of this Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1878. Referred to the committee of the whole

ordered for Monday next.

Mr. Kelley then replied to Mr. Garfield's speech of a few days ago. He explained the causes which prevented him replying to Mr. Garfield's speech for over one hundred days—his own serious III. ness and the attempted assassination of his son, and he thought it was hardly; just in the gentleman to send to the country the idea that he [Mr. Kelley] had been one hundred days preparing a reply to

try the idea that he lair. Reliefy has been one hundred days preparing a reply to his speech.

The imputation that his (Mr. Kelley's) speech was a manuscript speech was utterly without foundation. In regard to his support of the resolution indorsing Secretary McCulloch's contraction policy in December, 1865, he admitted he had made a grave mistake, and on the 3d of January following had raised his voice against contraction, and made the prediction with which he had opened his speech on the 16th of November, that if contraction were pursued the condition of affairs that is now upon the country would come. As to the bill demonstizing silver, he was, although Chairman of the Committee on Coinage, as ignorant of the demonetization of the silver dollar as Senators Baine and Vorhees (then members of the house). Mr. Gurlield's allusier, he kild Kellay's communicate seech. Senators Blaine and Vorbees (then mem-bers of the house). Mr. Gurfield's allu-sion to his (Kelley's) communistic speech at Youngstown, Ohio, and to his threat that "labor would take capital by the throat."—that statement was like Mr. Garfield's own statement, the creation of

Garfield's own statement, the creation of a distempered and ill governed imagination. As to the interference of members of the House in Isvor of his renomination, he asserted that no man sat in the House who had ever, to his knowledge, written such a letter. If there were, he asked him to say so. [Mr. Foster made a movement as if to rsse.] "Yee," said Mr. Kelley, "one letter was written. My friend Foster and I were most intimate then by reason of the proximity of our seats. I laid before him, and before my friend Danford, a good many letters received in connection with efforts to nominate another man than myself. My Iriends who wrote me seemed troubled answer a double purpose [a ripple of laughter started at these words, and soon laughter started at these words, and soon spread through the Democratic side, ex-tending to the Republican side]. I pray you, Mr. Speaker, to bear in mind that it dirty linen is to be washed here to-day I did not introduce the bundle. [Laugh-

ter.] Mr. Chittenden—Let the washing go Mr. Chittenden—Let the washing go on. [Laughter.]
Mr. Kelley—My friend Foster wrote a letter to a gentleman whom I named, Mr. Southforth, a confidential friend of my own, saying he had no authority to speak for Governor Hayes, but that he was his Congressional representative—[laughter]—that he knew the kindly relations between the Governor and Kelley, and that he had resson to believe, and was free to say, Governor Hayes desired the return of Kelley. [Laughter.] That letter was given to me. I can recollect but one gentleman to whom it was shown, and that was the gentleman to whom it and that was the gentleman to whom it was addressed, who read it, and at my request, handed it back to me. Mr. Kelley then described his relations with has constituents, who had elected him there since 1860, who knew his faults and foibles, knew he would sometimes roll out the "Ra", an inheritance, prob-ably, from his frish ancestry; knew he had a will of his own, and that when

be discourteous to renominate him as a Republican candidate in Pennsylvania Mr. Kelley and himself had a good many Mr. Kelley and himself had a good many talks about it, and the conversation, he thought, had extended to Mr. Garfield, certainly to Danford. The first suggestion was that he |Foster| should go to Philadelphia on his way to New York, and while there he was to be serenaded. [Great laughter.] His duties in Washington had prevented his going and being serenaded (laughter) by a band of music, and being called out by a free company to which Mr. Kelley had originally belonged. [Laughter.] However, he had always had, and still had, high respect for the gentleman, who had always been his friend here. He did not believe Governor Hayes cared two cents whether Mr. Kelley were nominated or not, or that he would have felt unkindly if that gentleman were nominated. He [Foster] had desired to see Mr. Kelley elected, and he had therefore written the letter, and had since been glad to learn from that gentleman it had been of good service to him. [Laughter.]

Mr. Kelley desired to throw a little Mr. Kelley desired to throw a little.

[Laughter.]
Mr. Kelley desired to throw a little the Mint, and Treasurer Gilfillan to consider all the propositions under his circular for the purchase of silver bullion, and to report the result to him.

A Sherman Party.

CLYNELAND, March 9.—A party consisting of Gen. Sherman and daughter.

Ella, Senator Don Cameron, Miss Lizzie B. Sherman, daughter of Using Sherman, of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the result of the separated by an asseption of the control the editorial columns, of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the result of the separated by an asseption of the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the result of the separated by an asseption of the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the conduct the business of the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons, along the conduct the business of the control the editorial columns of this city, and Miss Parsons, daughter of Col. R. O. Parsons ananger, will conduct the business from Washington. The General and Senstor remain here over Sunday and Senstor remain here ove

from a remark of Mr. Kelley's on the bill from a remark of air. Never a to the con-to demonetize silver, showing that the gentleman did at that time know the pur-pose and effect of the bill, his words be-ing, "It has become impossible to retain American silver dollars in this country excent in collections of curiositisa." To except in collections of curiosities." To except in collections of currenties.

show that he had not drawn from his inner consciousnes, as Mr. Kelley asserted,
in what he had said about the matter of
the gentleman's communistic speeches in
Ohio, he procured from the library and
sent to the Clerk's desk a volume of the
Clinch and the control of the clinical commercial, from which the
Clerk read a special dispatch describing
the meeting at Youngstown. He (Mr.
Garfield) submitted, whether in the statements read, and on similar statements in
the Cleveland papers, he was not justified
in speaking of the gentleman's communsitic speeches in Ohio. As to the gentleman's last campaign, he knew it was
generally understood then that an expression is favor of the gentleman was generally understood then that an ex-pression in favor of the gentleman was solicited. He (Mr. Garfield) had been consulted on the subject, and if he had had the same faith in the restoration of sound principles that others had, he would have been glad to join in the efforts made by these gentleman.

The formal discussion was soon closed

The formal discussion was soon closed and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, Mr. Cox, of New York, in the chair. The bill appropriates \$1,036,935, a reduction of \$102,439 from the appropriations of last year, and a reduction of \$177,462 from the estimates of the State Department. The salaries of the Ministers to Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia are fixed at \$15,000 each; to Spain, Austria, Italy, Brazil, Mexico, Japan and China at \$10,000 each; to Chili and Peru at \$6,000 each; to Sweden, Norway, Turkey, Venezuela, Hawatian Islands, Argentine Republic and United States of Colombia, \$2,500 each; to Bolivia, \$5,000; Guatemaia, Costa Rica, Honduras, Salvador and Nicaragua, one Minister, \$10,000;

maia, Cosia Rica, Honduras, Salvador and Nicaragua, one Minister, \$10,000; Hayti, \$5,000; Liberia, \$2,500. Mr. Singleton, a member of the Com-mittee on Appropriations, explained that the committee had reduced the salaries of the committee had reduced the salaries of the four principal Ministers abroad from \$17,000 to \$15,000, an amount amply sufficient, considering the work to be done by them. He referred to the fact that the Consul at London received two dollars a head for every American seaman shipped at that port, and every dollar of that tax upon commerce was used at the Consulate, and not one covered into the Treasury. That was what made the position of Consul so much sought after.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, inquired whether the law did not require all such fees to be turned into the Treasury.

Mr. Singleton replied that it did not.

Mr. Hewitt, of New York, thought the gentleman from Mississippi was mistaken. All fees collected for shipping seamen were either paid into the Treasure.

seamen were either paid into the Treas-ury or accounted for in the accounts of

Mr. Singleton, continuing, said that the Appropriation Committee had endeavored, on one hand, to guard against any retrenchment which might impair the service, and, on the other, to prevent any unnecessary expenditure of the public money. His own opinion was that the present system of service might be much simplified, and that two or three Ministers, stationed at some central points in Europe, with a competent corps of sgents, would answer every purpose. After a speech by Mr. Hubbell, in favor of the extension of our foreign comerce, the committee rose, and the House

CHICAGO, March 9 .- Under order he United States Court, issued by Judg sold the C. & I. Railroad to J. M. Walker, attorney for the C. B. & Q. road, for \$900,000, \$50,000 being cash down. Walker bid it in for the bondholders. The attorney for the C. & I. road gave notice that he would appeal to Judge Drummond to set aside the order of sale. The road is about eighty miles long, and runs from Aurora to Foreston, Ill. Blodgett, Mr. Bishop, Master in Chancery sold the C. & I. Railroad to J. M. Walker

DECISION AGAINST A RAILEGAD DECISION AGAINST A RAILKOAD.

ACCRISON, K.S., March 9.—In the case of the State of Kansas against the L. L. & G. R. R., to require the road to maintain and operate its line from Leavenwor to Lawrence, as provided under its charter and grants of land made by the National and State Governments, to aid in its construction, the company having demurred, Judge Foster, of the United States District Court, to-day notified the counsel that thi demurrer had been overruled, the Court holding that the State lad the right, inder the charter and land

Business Embarrassments

CLEVELAND, March 9.-J. T. Hough on, livery keeper, Elyria, Ohio, and Conrad Schroder, furniture dealer and undertaker, Shelby, Ohio, have gone into voluntry bankruptcy. Liabilities of for-mer, \$20,000; assets, about \$15,000. Lia-bilities of latter, \$2,200; assets, \$2,000.

DIMESAVINGS BANK TROUBLES. NEW YORK, March 9 .- William J on the Union Dime Savings Bank, asser that Mack and Grvis, the ousted Trustee that black and gives, the obstet fraction, endeavored to injure the bank and some of its officers, and blames them largely for the bank's troubles. He also exposes the transaction which caused a loss to the for the bank's troubles. He also expose the transaction which caused a loss to the bank. Mack has written a letter alleging that the Bank Soperintendent and Mr Best have acted illegally. Lamb chal-lenges the fullest investigation.

SAVINGS BANK CLOSED. Bosrow, March 9, The Haydensville Savings Bank, of Williamburg, Mass, has been temporarily enjoined from do-ing business. The trouble was caused by the failure of Hayden & Co.

ASSIGNMENT. CLEVELAND, O., March 9 .- John T Houghton, proprietor of the livery stable at Elyria, Ohio, assigned to day. Lia-bilities \$20,000; assets \$15,000.

NAN FRANCISCO. Legislature-The City Authorized to Purchase Water Works Property.

SAN FRANCICO, March 9 .- The Senate SAN FRANCICO, March 9.—The Senate has finally passed Dean's Water Bill, directing the Water Commissioners to purchase, subject to the approval of the voters of San Francisco, Lake Merced, at a price not exceeding \$2,200,000; the Spring Valley Water Company's property and franchises, at a valuation not exceeding \$12,000,000; the San Meteo Water Company's property and franchises, at a price not exceeding \$1,000,000, the city to issue 3 per cent gold bonds, payable in thirty years, for the purchase of the property.

FOREIGN NEWS.

An Austrian View of the Eastern

Rumors of a British Ministerial Change,

of Greece. An Austrian Steamship Burned and

Gen. Grant Banqueted by the King

Wrecked. Five Hundred Lives Reported Lost.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY

LONDON, March 9.—A dispatch from Trieste says the Austrian steamer Sphinx, from Cavallo, with 2,500 Circaslives were lost.

The steamship Kaffir struck a rock at Cape Point, and was wrecked. Five of the crew were drowned and mails lost.

VIENNA, March 9 .- The statement ac

companying the bill for credit, to be sub-mitted to the delegations, says:

"In the present position of affairs it is not impossible that the Government will COUNT ANDRASSY STATES THE SITUATION

Count Andrassy, in a statement accom-panying the bill for credit to the delega-tions, says: It was quite natural that in the ar-

rangements made during the campaign political interests were driven to the background by military interests. Unbackground by military interests. Under such circumstances the interest to of Europe and individual States can not come out scathless. Public opinion has gone from one extreme to another, but at the Congress the situation may appear in a less disquieting aspect. Russia has repeatedly declared that she drew the aword not from selfish motives, but to improve the lot of Christianity. We must provide the best possible solution, but not the mere postponement of the question arisiny out of the relations of the Powers. If Russian arrangements relative to one-half of Turkey come into question arising out of the relations of the Powers. If Russian arrangements relative to one-half of Turkey come into force, what will be the prospect of the other half? To what extent can Turkey be reduced and still retain a chance of continued existence? How guarantee execution of reforms? Such gigantic difficulties only Europe, acting in concert, can surmount. A single State seeking to settle them at its own good pleasure must be in a position to reckon with a European coalition, which, however, Count Andrassy was careful to add, did not excontain within themselves guarantees of stability, and to which Europe was

bound to refuse recognition.

Consequently it was justifiable to hope that the Congress would lead to an agree-

AUSTRIA UNDERTARES A BIG CONTRACT.
Austria enters the Congress to defend
Austrian and Enropean interest. Austria
has reserved her whole strength for the
moment of the conclusion of peace. She
asks a money grant to safeguard her interest against any surprise, not relying
upon mere political arguments, when one
Power comes warfully armed upon the
scene. Our request is not an act of hostility against any Power, nor a mere idle
demonstration, but an act of precaution.

OUR ATLAST.

OFF AT LAST. CONSTANTINOPLE, March 9.—Raouf Pasha and General Ignatieff start to-mor-row, Sunday, for St. Petersburg.

ENGLAND.

Rumor That Lyons Will Succeed Lospon, March 9 .- It is rumored in

Sir Bartlet Frere, Governor and Com-nander-in-Chief, is returning home. A severe engagement took place last week, in which the Kaffirs were completely dein which the Kaffirs were completely de-feated, and lost many in killed.

PEACE MEETING.

PEACE MERTING.

London, March 9.—At the peace demonstration in Hyde Park to-day Bradlaugh and Herbert made short speeches and proposed resolutions in favor of peace, which were passed immediately, soon after the supporters of the government policy arrived in force and the meeting was declared dissolved. Bradlaugh was cudjeled and fied in a cab.

Gisdatone has written a letter to the Greenwich Liberal Association, stating

Greenwich Liberal Association, stating that he will not contest Greenwich at the next general election, in consequence of a growing sense of his inability to dis-charge all the duties which that constitnency may reasonably expect from one of its representatives.

Bismarck's Health. BERLIN, March 9 - Biamarck's health BERLIN, March 9.—Biamarck's health was little improved by his recent vacation. He worked nearly as hard as if he had been in Berlin, and returned in no condition for work. As soon as the Chancellor's Substitute Bill is passed, he will take another, and this time a real vacation.

vacation.

In Reichstag Saturday the remaining clauses of the Chancellor's substitute bill passed a second reading. The amendments proposed were rejected. The third reading is fixed for Monday.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The State Debt.

The State Bebt.

Columbur, S. C., March 9.—The public indebtedness of South Carlins has been under discussion in the Legislature for the past ten days. The Democrats were divided upon the report of the Bond Commission, which rejected a large amount of bonds funded under the Consolidation Act of 1873. Finally a committee of conference was appointed, and the basis was submitted to a cancus this afternoon, which was accepted, and will become a matter for the action of the Legislature next week. The agreement is as follows:

1. To levy a tax sufficient to meet interest on the entire debt, adjusted under the Consolidation Act.
2. To constitute a special Court of three Circuit Judges, before whom bonds declared invalid by the Commission shall be taken upon test cases, with right of appeal to the Supreme Courts of the State and United States.
3. That matured interest on all bonds declared valid by the Commission shall

3. That matured interest on all bonds Trieste says the Austrian steamer Sphinx, from Cavallo, with 2,500 Circassians on board, caught fire and went ashore near Cape Elia. Five hundred lives were lost.

4. That as final adjudication is reached upon bonds declared invalid by the Com-mission, the funds levied for interest shall be paid out upon the entire amount of bonds declared the valid obligation of

the State.

5. That the floating debt of the State, including bills of the bank of the State be settled at fifty cents on the dollar, payable in coupon bonds, bearing six per activities.

A Meeting of Repealers.

Louisville, March 9.—The Merchante, Bankers, and business men generally, in mass meeting to-night, passed resolutions strongly favoring the repeal of the re-sumption act and bankrupt law.

LOUISVILLE, March 10.—The mass accting of the business men, alluded to esterday, adopted the following resoluyeaterday, adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we earnestly petition Congress to speedily repeal Sec. 3 of the specie resumption clause of the act of the 9th day of January, 1875, and to equalize the mint privileges of gold and saiver bullion, thereby affording relief to the country, and having the effect of restoring public confidence.

Resolved, That we respectfully petition Congress to give prompt and full effect to the act remonetizing silver by authorizing and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to issue silver certificates in denominations of \$10 and multiples thereof on deposits of assayed silver

were the requirements of a healthy and expanding commerce.

WHEREAS, The bankrupt law of the United States has directly tended to corrupt the integrity of the business men of this country thereby destroying that high-toned sense of honor which should ever characterize our citizens in all their business relations, has had the effect of encurrence and promoting the widest news relations, has had the effect of en-couraging and promoting the wildest speculation regardless of its ruinous consequences and has promoted fraud and dishonely to the great damage of all fair and honorable business men; there-

ration as will promate the just objects of saich a Taw.

3. That our Representatives in Congress from Kentucky are earnestly reged to advocate the repeal of the said law—the act to take effect on its passage.

Legislature Prorogued. QUEBECK, March 9.—After a scene of great disorder in the legislature to-day Mr. Blackrod was admitted with the usual ceremonies and delivered his mes-sage to the effect that the Lieutenant Gov-LONDON, March 9.—It is rumored in usual creamonies and detivered his medicibe and political circles, but it can not sage to the effect that the Lieutenant Govbe said on how good grounds, that Lord enor demanded the attendance of the Lyona is likly to succeed Lord Derby as Seaker with the members of the assem Secretary of State for the Foreign Departing the bar. The Speaker rose from ment, in case affairs between England and the chair and preceeded by the Sergeant Russia sgain become threatening. It is at Arms with a mace and lefe the at-Arms with a mace and lefe the chamber followed by the liberal mem-bers. Mr. Augers and his friends refu-ing to respect the command of represen-tatives of the sovereign, and remaining behind in the assemble chamber.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly,

Being desirious of ascertrining in con-Being desirious of ascertrining in constitutional manner the feelings of the people of this province regarding the present public affairs and ministerial changes which have just taken placed the present public affairs and ministerial changes which have desiratine of this provence with a riew to its dissolution at an early date. I sincerely hope that the electors of this province will in the choice of their representatives exhibit as much judgment as patriotism in order to secure peace, prosperity and happiness of the people of this province.

The Speaker then announced parliament prorogued until April 11th, next.

MINOR TELEGRAMS. —John Ross, engineer on the Belt Rail-road, Indianapolis, was killed Saturday morning while attempting to get on board his engine.

-The General Passenger and Ticket wille, Fla., have selected Chicago for their next Convention.

—George A. Balser, of Cleveland, has purchased the trotting mare Adelaide, with a record of 2:214. The price paid is understood to be \$20,000.

—James McIntosh, a pedestrian of Ithica, N. Y., has accepted a challenge to walk sgainst W. E. Harding, of New York City, and agrees to walk a thirty mile race with Harding for \$200 a side. —P. T. Van Arden, First Sergeant, Company E., Seventh Infantry, stationed at Camp Baker, Montana, suicided on the 2d inst, by shooting himself with a needle gun. Cause unknown, Deceased is said to be a son of Countess Van Arden Dements, of The Hague, Holland.

PRACTICAL CHEMIST, is prepared to make careful and complete analyses of tron Ores, Limestones, Mineral Waters, etc.

LABORATORY, COR. 24TH and CHAPLINE STR.,

FISH—MACKEREL, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kits. Lake Herring in Half and Quarter Sarrels. Salt Water Herring in Barrels and Half Barrels. In store and for sale by M. BEILD.

jul8

light upon the question as to who wanted to be nominated. It was known to some